



State Senator Parker of Illinois in an address delivered at Chicago, said that the majority would not much longer permit the few to tax them through the operation of monopolies. The sentiment was cheered.

The republican party celebrated "its golden jubilee" at Philadelphia June 18. The celebration was held under the auspices of the National League of republican clubs. A plan was devised for the erection of a monument over the grave of John C. Fremont, who was the party's first candidate for the presidency. The National league of republican clubs adopted resolutions endorsing the protective tariff policy. The following officers were elected: President, Gen. E. A. McAlpin of New York City; vice president, H. T. Myers, of Little Rock, Ark.; secretary, Chauncey Dewey, Hamilton, Ohio, and treasurer, W. G. Porter, South Dakota.

The senate passed the Lake Erie and Ohio river ship canal bill.

A New York dispatch to the Chicago Record-Herald follows: "Freedom for a man who pleaded guilty to selling merchandise valued at nearly \$100,000, which did not belong to him and appropriating the money, and six years in prison for another who stole 25 cents, were the portions meted out to two prisoners today. Henry Hirschman was a member of the firm of Hirschman Brothers, jobbers in men's furnishings, in 1903 and 1904. It is alleged that by deceit the firm obtained a high commercial rating on the strength of which they bought \$100,000 worth of goods on credit, disposed of them at a forced sale for cash and invested the proceeds in real estate. Then they sailed for Europe. Action taken by the creditors forced the firm into bankruptcy and last year the brothers were indicted for grand larceny. When Henry was arraigned today and entered a plea of guilty, a representative of the creditors appeared in court and asked that sentence be suspended, as the prisoner and his brother had made partial payment and promised to make complete satisfaction. Henry's brother, Joseph, probably will not be brought to trial.

"The man who went to prison was John Clark, who has no home. He is 45 years old and had served two previous sentences in Sing Sing. Clark was walking up the Bowery a

No Delay

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week ago when he saw a barber standing in front of his shop flipping a silver quarter in the air. Clark sprang upon him, seized the coin and started to run away. He had gone but a few steps when he ran into the arms of a policeman. 'I had to do this or starve,' Clark told the judge, when he was arraigned for sentence. 'Whenever I try to get honest work the cops knock me out.'

Congress has agreed to the appropriation of \$25,000 for the president's traveling expenses.

Joseph Crow, a former postmaster of Omaha, was found guilty in the federal court, in session at Omaha, on the charge of attempting to impede justice. Crow was foreman on the grand jury and it is claimed that he gave passes to the jurymen for the purpose of inducing the recipients to vote against the indictment of George G. Ware in the land fraud case.

The state democratic legislative committee for Florida met at Jacksonville June 22, and made a report favoring tariff reform as an issue in 1908.

The democrats of Maine nominated for governor Cyrus W. Davis.

The republican state convention for Vermont nominated for governor, Fletcher T. Proctor, son of Senator Proctor.

The senate has voted in favor of a lock canal across the Isthmus of Panama, and it is now promised that the canal will be pushed.

Attorney General Moody has issued a statement announcing that it is his purpose to proceed against the Standard Oil trust. He says that he has employed Frank T. Kellogg of St. Paul as special counsel to assist him.

Senator McLaurin of Mississippi introduced in the United States senate the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted: "That the people of the United States are horrified by the reports of the massacre of Hebrews in Russia on account of their race and religion, and that those bereaved thereby have the hearty sympathy of the people of this country."

Five members of the faculty of the University of Chicago have resigned, and it is claimed their resignations were due to the small salaries paid to teachers in the John D. Rockefeller \$20,000,000 endowed school.

A. B. Stickney, president of the Great Western railroad, charges that the Union Pacific is granting illegal rebates amounting to \$800,000 a year each, to the Peavey Grain company and the Trans-Mississippi Grain company.

The house has passed a bill restricting the immunity clause of the Interstate Commerce act to persons who are government witnesses.

Dr. W. T. Harris, national commissioner of education, has resigned. He is succeeded by Dr. Elmer E. Brown, now professor in the University of California.

Washington dispatches say that President Roosevelt will take cognizance of Comptroller Ridgely's part in the affairs of Walsh's bank in Chi-

cago, and that Ridgely may lose his position.

King Haakon VII and Queen Maud were given the crowns of Norway at Trondhjem June 22.

W. W. Lumpkin of Columbia, South Carolina, has announced that he is a candidate for the senate in opposition to Senator Tillman.

The Chicago Record-Herald says music by wire to homes, hotels, restaurants or other places, to be turned on or off, day or night, like water or gas, is to be supplied from a new central plant being erected in New York City.

Four indictments were returned by the federal grand jury at New York City in the tobacco trust inquiry. They charge combination in restraint of trade.

A number of Omaha clergymen have agreed to refuse to remarry divorcees except where the divorces were granted on the ground of infidelity and the innocent person seeks to re-enter wedlock.

The Divorce Conference Committee, having in hand the charge of perfecting a uniform divorce statute, will meet at St. Paul, Minn., September 1.

Henry Nelson Pillsbury, known as the champion chess player, died at a sanitarium in Frankfort, Pa.

The United States senate granted a pension of \$50 per month to General Edward S. Bragg of Wisconsin.

Representative Dorsey W. Shackelford of the Eighth Missouri district has been re-nominated.

The bill raising the limit of loans that may be made by national banks to one borrower, passed the senate and house last week in an amended form, is now in the hands of the president. The bill permits national banks to loan to one borrower 10 per cent of their unimpaired capital and surplus combined, whereas at present they are limited to 10 per cent of the capital alone. The bill as finally passed contained a proviso that no such loan should exceed 30 per cent of the capital stock of the bank. The act as finally adopted is as follows: "That sec. 5,200 of the revised statutes of the United States be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows: 'Section 5,200. The total liabilities to any association, of any person, or of any company, corporation, or firm for money borrowed, including in the liabilities of a company or firm the liabilities of the several members thereof, shall at no time exceed one-tenth part of the amount of the capital stock of such associations, actually paid in and unimpaired and one-tenth part of its unimpaired surplus fund, provided, however, that the total of such liabilities shall in no event exceed 30 per centum of the capital stock of the association. But the discount of bills of exchange drawn in good faith against actually existing values, and the discount of commercial or business paper actually owned by the person negotiating the same shall not be considered as money borrowed.'"

An Associated Press dispatch under date of Washington, June 22, follows: "During the speech of Mr. Adamson of Georgia in the house today on the pure food law, there was a heated colloquy between Mr. Cockran of New York and Mr. Sullivan of Massachusetts. Mr. Sullivan supported Mr. Adamson in his contention that the state had ample power to enforce pure food regulations. He cited the pure food laws of Massachusetts as evincing the desire of legislatures to take care

of the question along their own lines. Mr. Cockran called attention to the case of Illinois, which had a law relating to the inspection of slaughter houses, but which had deliberately permitted the circulation in other states of food products dangerous to public health, and then asked: 'Is there no law in the federal government to save the people of other states from their danger?' Mr. Sullivan, replying, said: 'I remember not long ago that the gentleman from New York stood on this floor and asked the taxing power of this nation to be exerted in order to prevent abuses in insurance upon the theory that the sovereign state did not have sufficient power and virtue to deal with those abuses. And since that speech the great state of New York has acted and its legislature has vindicated the wisdom and virtue of its people by regulating those abuses to the satisfaction of everybody.' This remark evidently did not please Mr. Cockran. With voice pitched high and with intense gestures he replied: 'When any action of a state, whether it be permissive or directory, empowers a citizen of it to affect the condition of people in another state by circulating in the channels of commerce anything dangerous to their health and to their welfare, there is no excuse for the existence of a federal government if that does not prevent the precise condition. It must step in and say: "All the powers of the state you may use as you please inside your own borders, but you must use them with due regard to the rights of others, when anything sanctioned by your laws passes beyond your borders and affects their daily lives." (Applause.) Now, Mr. Chairman, one moment with reference to the question about the great state of New York. I did say that the taxing power of this government ought to be exercised so as to limit insurance to each state as savings banks are regulated and, as a matter of fact, when the gentleman says the great state of New York has dealt with the insurance frauds I will tell him how it has dealt with them. It has confirmed the hold of the thieves on the funds that they have been plundering. Today the inefficient heads who were dismissed because they were inefficient, are replaced by subtle tools of the same gang that worked all the infamy.' (Applause.)"

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JUNE 1906

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